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November 25, 1998

BOX PATENT APPLICATION
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Re: Application of Johann KLEIN
PROCESS FOR TRANSMITTING A TELEPHONE NUMBER OF A DESIRED
SUBSCRIBER, AND DIRECTORY ENQUIRIES FACILITY TERMINAL FOR THIS
PURPOSE
Our Ref. Q051986

Dear Sir:

Attached hereto is the application identified above including fifteen (15) sheets of the specification, claims, and one (1) sheet of formal drawings. **The executed Declaration and Power of Attorney and Assignment will be submitted at a later date.** Also enclosed is the Information Disclosure Statement.

The Government filing fee is calculated as follows:

Total claims	10 - 20	=		x	\$18.00	=	\$0.00
Independent claims	3 - 3	=		x	\$78.00	=	\$0.00
Base Fee							\$760.00

TOTAL FILING FEE

\$760.00

A check for the statutory filing fee of \$760.00 is attached. You are also directed and authorized to charge or credit any difference or overpayment to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16 and 1.17 and any petitions for extension of time under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136 which may be required during the entire pendency of the application to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. A duplicate copy of this transmittal letter is attached.

Priority is claimed from November 28, 1997 based on German Application No. 19752838.4. The priority document is enclosed herewith.

Respectfully submitted,
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JC135 U.S. PTO
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36595 U.S. PTO

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Process for Transmitting a Telephone Number
of a Desired Subscriber, and Directory Enquiries
Facility and Terminal for this Purpose

Background of the Invention

This application is based on and claims priority from German patent application No. 197 52 838.4, which is incorporated by reference herein.

5 The present invention relates to a process for transmitting a telephone number of a desired subscriber from a directory enquiry facility to a terminal, a directory enquiry facility for this purpose, and a terminal for this purpose.

10 In addition to referring to a telephone directory in hard copy form and more recently in electronic form, the facility of using a telecommunication terminal to access a directory enquiries service is frequently used to find out the telephone number of a party the subscriber wishes to communicate with. In such an enquiry, the enquirer gives the directory enquiries service the name and address of the party they wish to contact, and the directory enquiries service then determines the telephone number and announces it. The enquirer then has to note
20 down the telephone number, and having disconnected from directory enquiries, enter the telephone number in the terminal to telephone the party he wishes to contact. The enquirer can mis-hear the telephone number announced, or note it down wrong, or key it in wrong on the terminal,
25 vitiating the link to the party required, and possibly

having to contact directory enquiries again to get the telephone number.

On the subject of traffic telematics, an article appeared in the ELVjournal, issue 3/96 on pages 60-64 entitled "Mobile Assistenten-Fahrerinformation über das Mobilfunknetz" ["Mobile Assistant Driver Information over the Mobile Phone Network"], and page 61 describes an on-board computer with display and terminal capable of providing current traffic information interacting with a D2 mobile telephone network terminal, that also provides an easy means of relaying a breakdown call to a service center. In a way not described in further detail in the article referred to, it is also possible to use this on-board computer to access the address of a possible communication partner including that partner's telephone number from the service center, and to display this information on the on-board computer. The telephone connection can then be made by "simply pressing a button". The on-board computer cooperates with the mobile telephone unit in a similar way as with a CSTA system (CSTA = Computer Aided Telephony Application), with the functions of the mobile telephone unit being complemented by the functions of the on-board computer in a convenient manner.

A mobile phone is, however, not usually used together with an on-board computer, either because there is none available (the article referred to relates to a major trial) or because the mobile phone is being used

away from a vehicle. The above facilities are then no longer available, and the opportunities for error referred to above in hearing the telephone number, noting it down, and entering it into a telephone terminal arise again. Communication with a directory enquiry service when using a land line telephone terminal is similarly inconvenient and prone to error.

Summary of the Invention

The function of the invention is to make the telephone number provided by the directory enquiries service conveniently available at a telecommunications terminal.

This task is carried out by a process according to the technical principle of Claim 1, a directory enquiries facility according to the technical principle in Claim 8, and a terminal according to the technical principle in Claim 10. Further advantageous variants of the invention are given in the dependant claims and the description.

Brief Description of the Drawing

The invention will be more clearly understood from the following description in conjunction with the accompanying drawing, wherein the single Figure shows an example of an arrangement a directory enquiry facility and terminal according to the present invention, connected to each other by the channels BCHAN and DCHAN.

Detailed Description of the Invention

The Figure shows an arrangement with which the process based on the object of the invention can be used. A directory enquiry facility ENQ is connected to a terminal TER by a channel BCHAN for transmitting voice and a channel DCHAN for transmitting data. Channel BCHAN can for example be a B channel in an ISDN line, the channel DCHAN can be a D channel or another B channel in the same ISDN line. But it is also possible for there to be an analogue voice connection with a channel BCHAN for voice between the directory enquiries facility ENQ and the terminal TER, and the channel DCHAN to be an in-band signalling channel on which information can be transmitted e.g. with the assistance of DTMF signals (DTMF - dual tone multi frequency).

If a user of the terminal TER now wants to find out a phone number, he will, as accustomed, initially telephone the directory enquiry facility ENQ. The terminal TER then has a voice connection over the channel BCHAN to the voice facility VOICE for voice input and voice output on the directory enquiry facility ENQ. The voice facility VOICE can in the simplest case consist of a microphone and a loudspeaker, or a module for automatic voice recognition and one module for electronic voice generation. The user gives the name and address of the party with whom he wishes to communicate to the directory enquiry facility ENQ over the BCHAN, whereupon the telephone number is determined. The voice facility VOICE

then sends a voice message with the desired telephone number over the channel BCHAN which is then output to the loudspeaker SPK in the terminal TER.

In addition to or instead of voice transmission of the desired telephone number, the module DIG generates a numeric string from the telephone number determined at the directory enquiry facility ENQ, and this string is sent by the directory enquiry facility ENQ to the terminal TER on the channel DCHAN. In contrast to a digitalized voice information in which the telephone number can be sent on the channel BCHAN, e.g. if the channel BCHAN is a B channel of an ISDN line, then here and in the text below the term "numeric string" is to be understood and used as a synonym for representation of the telephone number that is not necessarily in voice form. Also the representation of the telephone number with the help of the DTMF signals referred to can be understood as a numeric string, since each digit of the subscriber number is allocated its own frequencies. The terminal TER converts the telephone number from the numeric string into a format used within the terminal TER, so that the subscriber number can be stored in the memory MEM of the terminal TER. The numeric string can for example be sent on the channel BCHAN in the context of a User-to-User Signal, as provided for in the DSS1 protocol for ISDN telecommunication networks as a feature called "customer-specific signalling information during a connection", abbreviated to "UUS3". When the numeric string has been transmitted with the aid of user-to-user

signalling, the terminal TER must determine the numeric string from the signal message before the telephone number is converted into an internal format and stored. A special form of signalling can, however, also be determined between the directory enquiries facility ENQ and the terminal TER for transmitting the telephone number, e.g. by defining such a message within the framework of the DSS1 protocol.

A further alternative is for the telephone number to be transmitted from the directory enquiry facility ENQ to the terminal TER in the form of a CLI message (CLI = Calling Line Identification). A CLI message can be transmitted both in an ISDN telecommunication network on a DCHAN and also in an analogue telecommunications network in the form of in-band signalling. A CLI message is by definition provided for informing the party being called of the number of the incoming call. Therefore it is normal practice to check by devices in the telecommunication network, e.g. from a local exchange serving the terminal TER (not shown in the Figure), whether the CLI message transmitted by a caller coincides with that caller's telephone number. Only then is the CLI message transferred to the party being called. If this check is however switched off for calls to the directory enquiries facility ENQ, the directory enquiry facility ENQ can also send a CLI message to the terminal TER containing a telephone number determined by the directory enquiry facility ENQ instead of the telephone number of the directory enquiry facility ENQ.

The telephone number can be relayed from the memory MEM and displayed on a display DIS in the terminal TER, so that it can be conveniently read off and noted by the user. When the call has been terminated, the user can also use the telephone number to dial the required party. The user then does not have to enter the telephone number into the terminal TER himself, but just presses a key on the keyboard KEY, e.g. the Repeat key, thus causing the terminal TER to use the stored telephone number directly as dialling information. The terminal TER can however also start dialling the required telephone number automatically when the call to the directory enquiry facility ENQ has terminated, without any key on the keypad being pressed.

Rapid transmission of the telephone number in the form of a numeric string enables the call between the directory enquiry facility ENQ and the terminal TER to be activated sooner than where the telephone number has to be dictated by voice and noted down by the user. This increases the availability of the directory enquiry facility ENQ, and reduces the cost to the user for occupying the line to the directory enquiry facility ENQ. On the other hand, parallel use of the two channels BCHAN and DCHAN makes it possible to communicate with the directory enquiry facility ENQ from the terminal TER both in conventional voice form and in convenient, fast numeric form.

For every call to the directory enquiry facility ENQ, the telephone number can be transmitted in the form of a numeric string from the directory enquiry facility ENQ to a terminal TER automatically, without any action by the user. It is however also possible for the user to give verbal instructions on the channel BCHAN, or for the terminal TER to send a message to the directory enquiry facility ENQ when a key on the keypad KEY is pressed, e.g. also as user-to-user signalling on the channel DCHAN, instructing the directory enquiry facility ENQ to transmit the telephone numerically.

Fast and efficient transmission of the telephone number also enables several telephone numbers to be extracted in one call to the directory enquiry facility ENQ, e.g. by the user giving the data of several parties he wishes to communicate with, and the directory enquiry facility ENQ then sending a series of telephone numbers in numeric form. There could however also be interaction between the terminal TER and the directory enquiry facility ENQ in which the user presses a key on the keypad KEY after receipt of a telephone number to instruct the terminal TER to send a message to the directory enquiry facility ENQ, signalling to the directory enquiry facility ENQ a request for further information. Then the user of the terminal TER can request another telephone number on the channel BCHAN from the directory enquiry facility ENQ.

The terminal TER can both interpret the numeric string in the autonomous manner described and enter the required telephone number in the memory MEM, and also be caused to do so by the directory enquiry facility ENQ. In this case the directory enquiry facility ENQ can for example send a signal before sending the telephone number in the form of a numeric string, causing the terminal TER to switch to Receive mode for the telephone number that follows. But the numeric string and then a signal can, however, also be sent first, causing the numeric string to be interpreted in the terminal TER. Such a signal can also conveniently be transmitted on the channel DCHAN just like the numeric string, and could also for example be a message from the DSS1 protocol for ISDN telecommunication networks.

It is also possible for the user to press a key on the keypad KEY, and the terminal TER to then determine the telephone number from a numeric string already received from the directory enquiry facility ENQ and temporarily stored, and store it in the memory MEM.

In addition to the telephone, the module DIG in the directory enquiry facility ENQ can also send the name and address of the desired communication partner as an alpha-numeric string to the terminal TER, so that this terminal can also display the name and address as well as the telephone number. The user can thus easily check whether his information regarding the party he wishes to communicate with was correctly understood at the

directory enquiry facility ENQ. Also the telephone number
can then be stored permanently in a way that it can be
easily found in the terminal TER with the aid of the data
of the communication partner, e.g. made available as an
5 abbreviated dialling number or entered in a so-called
personal telephone book in which the user stores data on
possible communication partners.

If the terminal TER is a mobile telephone, e.g.
suitable for the D2 mobile telephone network mentioned
10 above, a voice channel of a link between the terminal TER
and the directory enquiry facility ENQ on the D2 mobile
radio network can be used for the channel BCHAN, and an
organization channel for the channel DCHAN. In such an
organization channel, a telephone number requested can be
15 transmitted from the directory enquiry facility ENQ to
the terminal TER e.g. with the aid of an SMS message
(Short Message Service).

What is claimed is:

1. A process for transmitting a telephone number of a desired subscriber from a directory enquiry facility to a terminal connected to the directory enquiry facility over a telecommunication network with a first channel for voice transmission and a second channel for data transmission, said process comprising the steps of:

transmitting an enquiry with the data describing the desired subscriber from the terminal to the directory enquiry facility on the first channel;

transmitting the telephone number in the form of a numeric string from the directory enquiry facility to the terminal on the second channel (DCHAN);

receiving the numeric string at the terminal;

determining the telephone number from the numeric string; and

storing the telephone number in a memory in the terminal provided for direct dialling of telephone numbers.

2. A process according to claim 1 whereby the directory enquiry facility also issues an action command that causes the terminal to determine the telephone number from the numeric string and to save the telephone number in the memory in the terminal provided for direct dialling of telephone numbers.

3. A process according to claim 1 whereby the telephone number is displayed on a display in the terminal.

4. A process according to claim 1 where the telecommunication network is an ISDN network and the second channel is a D channel of the ISDN network.

5. A process according to claim 1 where the telecommunication network is a GSM mobile telephone network and the second channel is an organization channel of the mobile telephone network.

6. A process according to claim 1 whereby the directory enquiry facility sends the data describing the desired subscriber as an alpha-numeric string to the terminal on the second channel, and the terminal receives the alpha-numeric string, derives the data from the alpha-numeric string, and displays it on a display.

7. A process according to claim 1 wherein said terminal includes a keyboard, and the terminal sends a message to the directory enquiry facility on the second channel when a key is pressed on the keyboard of the

terminal, indicating to the directory enquiry facility a request for further information.

8. A directory enquiry facility connectable to a terminal over a telecommunication network on a line with a first channel for voice transmission and a second channel for data transmission, said facility including a converter for converting a telephone number into a numeric string and a transmitter for transmitting the numeric string to the terminal on the second channel.

9. A directory enquiry facility according to claim 6 wherein the facility is equipped to issue an action command which causes the terminal to determine the telephone number from the numeric string and store that telephone number in a memory of the terminal provided for direct dialling of the telephone number.

10. A terminal for a telecommunication network that is connectable over the telecommunication network to a directory enquiry facility on a line with a first channel for voice transmission and a second channel for data transmission, whereby the terminal is capable of receiving on the second channel a telephone number of a subscriber sent from the directory enquiry facility in the form of a numeric string, and is capable of determining the telephone number from the numeric string

and has a memory in which the telephone number can be stored and from which the terminal can extract the telephone number for direct dialling of the subscriber.

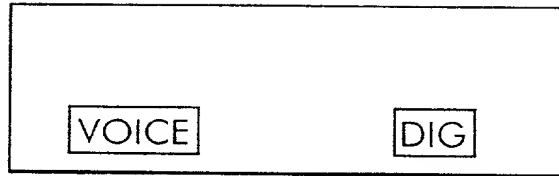
ABSTRACT

A process for transmitting a telephone number of a desired subscriber from a directory enquiry facility (ENQ) to a terminal (TER), a directory enquiry facility (ENQ) for this purpose, and a terminal for this purpose.

6 The terminal (TER) is connected to the directory enquiry facility (ENQ) over a telecommunication network with a first channel (BCHAN) for voice transmission and a second channel (DCHAN) for data transmission. An enquiry with data describing the required subscriber is transferred from the terminal (TER) to the directory enquiry facility (ENQ) on the first channel (BCHAN), the telephone number is sent by the directory enquiry facility (ENQ) in the form of a numeric string on the second channel (DCHAN). The terminal (TER) receives the numeric string, derives the telephone number, and stores it in a memory (MEM) provided for direct dialling of the telephone number.

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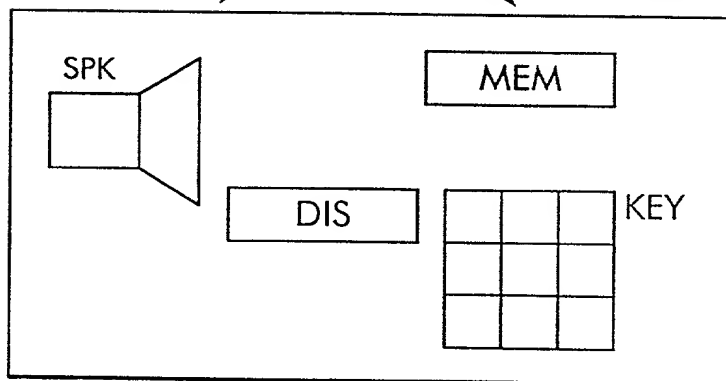
ENQ



BCHAN

DCHAN

TER



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